Illinois Department of Revenue



Form IL-W-4

Employee's and other Payee's Illinois Withholding **Allowance Certificate and Instructions**

Note: These instructions are written for employees to address withholding from wages. However, this form can also be completed and submitted to a payor if an agreement was made to voluntarily withhold Illinois Income tax from other (non-wage) Illinois income.

Who must complete Form IL-W-4?

If you are an employee, you must complete this form so your employer can withhold the correct amount of Illinois Income Tax from your pay. The amount withheld from your pay depends, in part, on the number of allowances you claim on this form.

Even if you claimed exemption from withholding on your federal Form W-4, U.S. Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, because you do not expect to owe any federal income tax, you may be required to have Illinois Income Tax withheld from your pay (see Publication 130, Who is Required to Withhold Illinois Income Tax). If you are claiming exempt status from Illinois withholding, you must check the exempt status box on Form IL-W-4 and sign and date the certificate. Do not complete Lines 1 through 3.

If you are a resident of lowa, Kentucky, Michigan, or Wisconsin, or a military spouse, see Form W-5-NR, Employee's Statement of Nonresidence in Illinois, to determine if you are exempt.

More if you do not file a completed Form IL-W-4 with your employer, if you fail to sign the form or to include all necessary information, or if you alter the form, your employer must withhold Illinois Income Tax on the entire amount of your compensation, without allowing any exemptions.

When must I submit this form?

You should complete this form and give it to your employer on or before the date you start work. You must submit Form IL-W-4 when Illinois Income Tax is required to be withheld from compensation that you receive as an employee. You may file a new Form IL-W-4 any time your withholding allowances increase. If the number of your claimed allowances decreases, you must file a new Form IL-W-4 within 10 days. However, the death of a spouse or a dependent does not affect your withholding allowances until the next tax year.

When does my Form IL-W-4 take effect?

If you do not already have a Form IL-W-4 on file with your employer, this form

will be effective for the first payment of compensation made to you after this form is filed. If you already have a Form IL-W-4 on file with this employer, your employer may allow any change you file on this form to become effective immediately, but is not required by law to change your withholding until the first payment of compensation is made to you after the first day of the next calendar quarter (that is, January 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1) that falls at least 30 days after the date you file the change with your employer.

Example: If you have a baby and file a new Form IL-W-4 with your employer to claim an additional allowance for the baby, your employer may immediately change the withholding for all future payments of compensation. However, if you file the new form on September 1, your employer does not have to change your withholding until the first payment of compensation is made to you after October 1. If you file the new form on September 2, your employer does not have to change your withholding until the first payment of compensation made to you after December 31.

How long is Form IL-W-4 valid?

Your Form IL-W-4 remains valid until a new form you have submitted takes effect or until your employer is required by the Department to disregard it. Your employer is required to disregard your Form IL-W-4 if

- you claim total exemption from Illinois Income Tax withholding, but you have not filed a federal Form W-4 claiming total exemption, or
- the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has instructed your employer to disregard your federal Form W-4.

What is an "exemption"?

An "exemption" is a dollar amount on which you do not have to pay Illinois Income Tax that you may claim on your Illinois Income tax return.

What is an "allowance"?

The dollar amount that is exempt from Illinois Income Tax is based on the number of allowances you claim on this form. As an employee, you receive one allowance unless you are claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return (e.g., your parents claim you as a dependent on their tax return). If you are married, you may claim additional allowances for your spouse and any dependents that you are entitled to claim for federal income tax purposes. You also will receive additional allowances if you or your spouse are age 65 or older, or if you or your spouse are legally blind.

Note: For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, the personal exemption allowance, and additional allowances if you or your spouse are age 65 or older, or if you or your spouse are legally blind, may not be claimed on your Form IL-1040 if your adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds \$500,000 for returns with a federal filing status of married filing jointly, or \$250,000 for all other returns. You may complete a new Form IL-W-4 to update your exemption amounts and increase your Illinois withholding.

How do I figure the correct number of allowances?

Complete the worksheet on the back of this page to figure the correct number of allowances you are entitled to claim. Give your completed Form IL-W-4 to your employer. Keep the worksheet for your records.

If you have more than one job or your spouse works, your withholding usually will be more accurate if you claim all of your allowances on the Form IL-W-4 for the highest-paying job and claim zero on all of your other IL-W-4 forms.

How do I avoid underpaying my tax and owing a penalty?

You can avoid underpayment by reducing the number of allowances or requesting that your employer withhold an additional amount from your pay. Even if your withholding covers the tax you owe on your wages, if you have non-wage income that is taxable, such as interest on a bank account or dividends on an investment, you may have additional tax liability. If you owe more than \$500 tax at the end of the year, you may owe a late-payment penalty or will be required to make estimated tax payments. For additional information on penalties see Publication 103, Uniform Penalties and Interest, Visit our website at tax.illinois.gov to obtain a copy.

Where do I get help?

- Visit our website at tax.illinois.gov
- Call our Taxpayer Assistance Division at 1 800 732-8866 or 217 782-3336
- Call our TDD (telecommunications device for the deaf) at 1 800 544-5304
- Write to

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE PO BOX 19044 SPRINGFIELD IL 62794-9044

Illinois Withholding Allowance Worksheet

General Information

Use this worksheet as a guide to figure your total withholding allowances you may enter on your Form IL-W-4.

Complete Step 1.

Complete Step 2 if

- · you (or your spouse) are age 65 or older or legally blind, or
- you wrote an amount on Line 4 of the Deductions Worksheet for federal Form W-4.

If you have more than one job or your spouse works, your withholding usually will be more accurate if you claim all of your allowances on the Form IL-W-4 for the highest-paying job and claim zero on all of your other IL-W-4 forms.

You may reduce the number of allowances or request that your employer withhold an additional amount from your pay, which may help avoid having too little tax withheld.

Step 1: Figure your basic personal allowa	ances (including allowances for	dependents)
Check all that apply:		
☐ No one else can claim me as a dependent.		
I can claim my spouse as a dependent.		
1 Enter the total number of boxes you checked.	1	
2 Enter the number of dependents (other than you or your spous	2	
3 Add Lines 1 and 2. Enter the result. This is the total number of t		
entitled. You are not required to claim these allowances. The no	,	
choose to claim will determine how much money is withheld fro		3
4 Enter the total number of basic personal allowances you choos Form IL-W-4 below. This number may not exceed the amount o		
few as zero. Entering lower numbers here will result in more mo		. 4
Step 2: Figure your additional allowances		
	•	
Check all that apply: I am 65 or older. I am legally l	alind	
☐ My spouse is 65 or older. ☐ My spouse is		
5 Enter the total number of boxes you checked.	s legally billid.	5
6 Enter any amount that you reported on Line 4 of the Deduction	s Worksheet	J
for federal Form W-4 plus any additional Illinois subtractions or		6
7 Divide Line 6 by 1,000. Round to the nearest whole number. Er		7
8 Add Lines 5 and 7. Enter the result. This is the total number of		
you are entitled. You are not required to claim these allowance		
that you choose to claim will determine how much money is wit		8
9 Enter the total number of additional allowances you elect to cla		
number may not exceed the amount on Line 8 above, however numbers here will result in more money being withheld(deducte		9
IMPORTANT: If you want to have additional amounts withheld from		
below. This amount will be deducted from your pay in addition to the		
claimed.		
Cut here and give the certificate to your e	mployer, Keep the top portion for your records. — — —	>
W W		
Illinois Department of Revenue		
L-W-4 Employee's Illinois Withholding Allo	wance Certificate	
¥ ¥:	1 Enter the total number of basic allowances the	hat you
Social Security number	are claiming (Step 1, Line 4, of the workshee	,
	2 Enter the total number of additional allowand	
Name	you are claiming (Step 2, Line 9, of the work	·
Street address	3 Enter the additional amount you want withhe (deducted) from each pay.	3
onest address	I certify that I am entitled to the number of withhol	
City State ZIP	this certificate.	iding allowanices claimed off
Check the box if you are exempt from federal and Illinois		
Income Tax withholding and sign and date the certificate.	Your signature	Date

Printed by the authority of the State of Illinois web only, 1 copy IL-W-4 (R-12/19)

This form is authorized under the Illinois Income Tax Act. Disclosure of this information is required. Failure to provide information may result in this form not being processed and may result in a penalty.

Employer: Keep this certificate with your records. If you have referred the employee's federal certificate to the IRS and the IRS has notified you to disregard it, you may also be required to disregard this certificate. Even if you are not required to refer the employee's federal certificate to the IRS, you still may be required to refer this certificate to the Illinois Department of Revenue for inspection. See Illinois Income Tax Regulations 86 III. Adm. Code 100.7110.

Form W-4

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Employee's Withholding Certificate

OMB No. 1545-0074

► Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay.

► Give Form W-4 to your employer.

➤ Your withholding is subject to review by the IRS.

2020

Step 1:	(a) First name and middle initial	Last name		(b) Social security	number					
Enter Personal Information	Address City or town, state, and ZIP code	Does your name match the name on your social security card? If not, to ensure you get credit for your earnings, contact \$80.772.1213 or actors								
	(c) Single or Married filing separately Married filing jointly (or Qualifying widow(er)) Head of household (Check only if you're unma	SSA at 800-772-1213 or go to www.ssa.gov.								
	ps 2–4 ONLY if they apply to you; otherw on from withholding, when to use the online		2 for more informatio	n on each step, v	vho can					
Step 2: Multiple Jobs	Complete this step if you (1) hold more than one job at a time, or (2) are married filing jointly and your spouse also works. The correct amount of withholding depends on income earned from all of these jobs.									
or Spouse	Do only one of the following.									
Works	(a) Use the estimator at www.irs.gov	/W4App for most accurate wit	hholding for this step	(and Steps 3-4);	or					
	(b) Use the Multiple Jobs Worksheet or	page 3 and enter the result in S	tep 4(c) below for rough	nly accurate withho	lding; or					
	(c) If there are only two jobs total, you may check this box. Do the same on Form W-4 for the other job. This option is accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld ▶ □									
	TIP: To be accurate, submit a 2020 Form W-4 for all other jobs. If you (or your spouse) have self-employment income, including as an independent contractor, use the estimator.									
	ps 3–4(b) on Form W-4 for only ONE of the ate if you complete Steps 3–4(b) on the Form			bs. (Your withhole	ding will					
Step 3:	If your income will be \$200,000 or le	ss (\$400,000 or less if married	filing jointly):							
Claim Dependents	Multiply the number of qualifying o	children under age 17 by \$2,000	\$							
	Multiply the number of other dep	endents by \$500	▶ <u>\$</u>	e						
	Add the amounts above and enter the	e total here	(* <u>(* 54</u> 20 (*) 2007 2007	3 \$						
Step 4 (optional): Other	(a) Other income (not from jobs). It this year that won't have withhold include interest, dividends, and ref	ing, enter the amount of other i	ncome here. This may							
Adjustments	(b) Deductions. If you expect to cl and want to reduce your withhol enter the result here									
	(c) Extra withholding. Enter any ad	ditional tax you want withheld	each pay period .	4(c) \$						
 Step 5:	Under penalties of perjury, I declare that this ce	tificate, to the best of my knowled	dge and belief, is true, co	orrect, and complet	e.					
Sign Here	N.									
	Employee's signature (This form is not	ate								
Employers Only	Employer's name and address	Employer identification number (EIN)								
			V							

Page 2

General Instructions

Future Developments

For the latest information about developments related to Form W-4, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4.

Purpose of Form

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. If too little is withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty. If too much is withheld, you will generally be due a refund. Complete a new Form W-4 when changes to your personal or financial situation would change the entries on the form. For more information on withholding and when you must furnish a new Form W-4, see Pub. 505.

Exemption from withholding. You may claim exemption from withholding for 2020 if you meet both of the following conditions: you had no federal income tax liability in 2019 and you expect to have no federal income tax liability in 2020. You had no federal income tax liability in 2019 if (1) your total tax on line 16 on your 2019 Form 1040 or 1040-SR is zero (or less than the sum of lines 18a, 18b, and 18c), or (2) you were not required to file a return because your income was below the filing threshold for your correct filing status. If you claim exemption, you will have no income tax withheld from your paycheck and may owe taxes and penalties when you file your 2020 tax return. To claim exemption from withholding, certify that you meet both of the conditions above by writing "Exempt" on Form W-4 in the space below Step 4(c). Then, complete Steps 1(a), 1(b), and 5. Do not complete any other steps. You will need to submit a new Form W-4 by February 16, 2021.

Your privacy. If you prefer to limit information provided in Steps 2 through 4, use the online estimator, which will also increase accuracy.

As an alternative to the estimator: if you have concerns with Step 2(c), you may choose Step 2(b); if you have concerns with Step 4(a), you may enter an additional amount you want withheld per pay period in Step 4(c). If this is the only job in your household, you may instead check the box in Step 2(c), which will increase your withholding and significantly reduce your paycheck (often by thousands of dollars over the year).

When to use the estimator. Consider using the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App if you:

- 1. Expect to work only part of the year;
- 2. Have dividend or capital gain income, or are subject to additional taxes, such as the additional Medicare tax;
- Have self-employment income (see below); or
- 4. Prefer the most accurate withholding for multiple job situations

Self-employment. Generally, you will owe both income and self-employment taxes on any self-employment income you receive separate from the wages you receive as an employee. If you want to pay these taxes through withholding from your wages, use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App to figure the amount to have withheld.

Nonresident alien. If you're a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form.

Specific Instructions

Step 1(c). Check your anticipated filing status. This will determine the standard deduction and tax rates used to compute your withholding.

Step 2. Use this step if you (1) have more than one job at the same time, or (2) are married filing jointly and you and your spouse both work.

Option (a) most accurately calculates the additional tax you need to have withheld, while option (b) does so with a little less accuracy.

If you (and your spouse) have a total of only two jobs, you may instead check the box in option (c). The box must also be checked on the Form W-4 for the other job. If the box is checked, the standard deduction and tax brackets will be cut in half for each job to calculate withholding. This option is roughly accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld, and this extra amount will be larger the greater the difference in pay is between the two jobs.



Multiple jobs. Complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on only one Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you do this on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Step 3. Step 3 of Form W-4 provides instructions for determining the amount of the child tax credit and the credit for other dependents that you may be able to claim when you file your tax return. To qualify for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31, must be your dependent who generally lives with you for more than half the year, and must have the required social security number. You may be able to claim a credit for other dependents for whom a child tax credit can't be claimed, such as an older child or a qualifying relative. For additional eligibility requirements for these credits, see Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit and Credit for Other Dependents. You can also include other tax credits in this step, such as education tax credits and the foreign tax credit. To do so, add an estimate of the amount for the year to your credits for dependents and enter the total amount in Step 3. Including these credits will increase your paycheck and reduce the amount of any refund you may receive when you file your tax return.

Step 4 (optional).

Step 4(a). Enter in this step the total of your other estimated income for the year, if any. You shouldn't include income from any jobs or self-employment. If you complete Step 4(a), you likely won't have to make estimated tax payments for that income. If you prefer to pay estimated tax rather than having tax on other income withheld from your paycheck, see Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Step 4(b). Enter in this step the amount from the Deductions Worksheet, line 5, if you expect to claim deductions other than the basic standard deduction on your 2020 tax return and want to reduce your withholding to account for these deductions. This includes both itemized deductions and other deductions such as for student loan interest and IRAs.

Step 4(c). Enter in this step any additional tax you want withheld from your pay each pay period, including any amounts from the Multiple Jobs Worksheet, line 4. Entering an amount here will reduce your paycheck and will either increase your refund or reduce any amount of tax that you owe.

Step 2(b) - Multiple Jobs Worksheet (Keep for your records.)



If you choose the option in Step 2(b) on Form W-4, complete this worksheet (which calculates the total extra tax for all jobs) on **only ONE** Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you complete the worksheet and enter the result on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Note: If more than one job has annual wages of more than \$120,000 or there are more than three jobs, see Pub. 505 for additional tables; or, you can use the online withholding estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App.

1	Two jobs. If you have two jobs or you're married filing jointly and you and your spouse each have one job, find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4. Using the "Higher Paying Job" row and the "Lower Paying Job" column, find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 1. Then, skip to line 3	1	\$
2	Three jobs. If you and/or your spouse have three jobs at the same time, complete lines 2a, 2b, and 2c below. Otherwise, skip to line 3.		
	a Find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 using the annual wages from the highest paying job in the "Higher Paying Job" row and the annual wages for your next highest paying job in the "Lower Paying Job" column. Find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 2a	2a	\$
	b Add the annual wages of the two highest paying jobs from line 2a together and use the total as the wages in the "Higher Paying Job" row and use the annual wages for your third job in the "Lower Paying Job" column to find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 and enter this amount	Oh	.
	on line 2b	2b	<u> </u>
	c Add the amounts from lines 2a and 2b and enter the result on line 2c	2c	\$
3	Enter the number of pay periods per year for the highest paying job. For example, if that job pays weekly, enter 52; if it pays every other week, enter 26; if it pays monthly, enter 12, etc	3	
4	Divide the annual amount on line 1 or line 2c by the number of pay periods on line 3. Enter this amount here and in Step 4(c) of Form W-4 for the highest paying job (along with any other additional amount you want withheld)	4	\$
	Step 4(b) - Deductions Worksheet (Keep for your records.)		
1	Enter an estimate of your 2020 itemized deductions (from Schedule A (Form 1040 or 1040-SR)). Such deductions may include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income	1	\$
2	Enter: • \$24,800 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) • \$18,650 if you're head of household • \$12,400 if you're single or married filing separately	2	\$
3	If line 1 is greater than line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter "-0-"	3	\$
4	Enter an estimate of your student loan interest, deductible IRA contributions, and certain other adjustments (from Part II of Schedule 1 (Form 1040 or 1040-SR)). See Pub. 505 for more information	4	\$
5	Add lines 3 and 4. Enter the result here and in Step 4(b) of Form W-4	5	\$

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. Internal Revenue Code sections 3402(f)(2) and 6109 and their regulations require you to provide this Information; your employer uses it to determine your federal income tax withholding. Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person with no other entries on the form; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation; to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws; and to the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Directory of New Hires. We may also disclose this Information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

Form W-4 (2020) Page **4**

<u>`</u>)20)												Page 4
Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er)													
Higher Paying Job Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary													
Annual Ta Wage & S	Salary	\$0 ÷ 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 -	9,999	\$0	\$220	\$850	\$900	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,210	\$1,870	\$1,870
\$10,000 -	19,999	220	1,220	1,900	2,100	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,410	3,410	4,070	4,070
\$20,000 -	29,999	850	1,900	2,730	2,930	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,240	4,240	5,240	5,900	5,900
\$30,000 -	39,999	900	2,100	2,930	3,130	3,250	3,250	3,440	4,440	5,440	6,440	7,100	7,100
\$40,000 -		1,020	2,220	3,050	3,250	3,370	3,570	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,220	8,220
\$50,000 -		1,020	2,220	3,050 3,050	3,250 3,440	3,570	4,570 5,570	5,570 6,570	6,570 7,570	7,570 8,570	8,570 9,570	9,220	9,220
\$60,000 - \$70,000 -		1,020 1,020	2,220 2,220	3,240	4,440	4,570 5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,570	10,570	11,220	11,240
\$80,000 -		1,020	3,260	5,090	6,290	7,420	8,420	9,420	10,420	11,420	12,420	13,260	13,460
\$100,000 -		1,870	4,070	5,900	7,100	8,220	9,320	10,520	11,720	12,920	14,120	14,980	15,180
\$150,000 -		2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	12,790	13,990	15,190	16,050	16,250
\$240,000 -	·	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	12,790	13,990	15,520	17,170	18,170
\$260,000 -		2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	13,120	15,120	17,120	18,770	19,770
\$280,000 -	299,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,720	12,720	14,720	16,720	18,720	20,370	21,370
\$300,000 -	319,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	8,200	10,320	12,320	14,320	16,320	18,320	20,320	21,970	22,970
\$320,000 -	364,999	2,720	5,920	8,750	10,950	13,070	15,070	17,070	19,070	21,290	23,590	25,540	26,840
\$365,000 -	524,999	2,970	6,470	9,600	12,100	14,530	16,830	19,130	21,430	23,730	26,030	27,980	29,280
\$525,000 a	nd over	3,140	6,840	10,170	12,870	15,500	18,000	20,500	23,000	25,500	28,000	30,150	31,650
Single or Married Filing Separately													
Higher Paying Job Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary													
Annual Ta Wage & S		\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 -	9,999	\$460	\$940	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,470	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$2,040	\$2,040	\$2,040
\$10,000 -	19,999	940	1,530	1,610	2,060	3,060	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,640	3,830	3,830	3,830
\$20,000 -		1,020	1,610	2,130	3,130	4,130	4,540	4,540	4,720	4,920	5,110	5,110	5,110
\$30,000 -		1,020	2,060	3,130	4,130	5,130	5,540	5,720	5,920	6,120	6,310	6,310	6,310
\$40,000 -		1,870	3,460	4,540	5,540	6,690	7,290	7,490	7,690	7,890	8,080	8,080	8,080
\$60,000 -		1,870	3,460	4,690	5,890	7,090	7,690	7,890	8,090	8,290	8,480	9,260	10,060
\$80,000 -		2,020	3,810	5,090 5,110	6,290 6,310	7,490 7,510	8,090 8,430	8,290 9,430	8,490 10,430	9,470 11,430	10,460 12,420	11,260 13,520	12,060 14,620
\$100,000 - \$125,000 -		2,040 2,040	3,830	5,110	7,030	9,030	10,430	11,430	12,580	13,880	15,170	16,270	17,370
\$150,000 -		2,360	4,950	7,030	9,030	11,030	12,730	14,030	15,330	16,630	17,920	19,020	20,120
\$175,000 -		2,720	5,310	7,540	9,840	12,140	13,840	15,140	16,440	17,740	19,030	20,130	21,230
\$200,000 -		2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,440	19,730	20,830	21,930
\$250,000 -		2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,440	19,730	20,830	21,930
\$400,000 -	449,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,450	19,940	21,240	22,540
\$450,000 a	nd over	3,140	6,230	8,810	11,310	13,810	15,710	17,210	18,710	20,210	21,700	23,000	24,300
Higher Pay	أطمل سماء						Househo Job Annu		Wage &	Salary			
Annual T	axable	\$0 -	\$10,000 -	\$20,000 -	\$30,000 -	\$40,000 -	\$50,000 -	\$60,000 -	\$70,000 -	\$80,000 -	\$90,000 -	\$100,000	
Wage &		9,999	19,999	29,999	39,999	49,999	59,999	69,999	79,999	89,999	99,999	109,999	120,000
\$0 -	, ,	\$0	\$830	\$930	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,480	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,930	\$2,040	\$2,040
\$10,000 -		830	1,920	2,130	2,220	2,220	2,680	3,680	4,070	4,130	4,330	4,440	4,440
\$20,000 - \$30,000 -		930 1,020	2,130 2,220	2,350 2,430	2,430	3,980	3,900 4,980	4,900 6,040	5,340 6,630	5,540 6,830	5,740 7,030	5,850 7,140	5,850 7,140
\$30,000 - \$40,000 -		1,020	2,530	3,750	4,830	5,860	7,060	8,260	8,850	9,050	9,250	9,360	9,360
\$60,000 -		1,870	4,070	5,310	6,600	7,800	9,000	10,200	10,780	10,980	11,180	11,580	12,380
\$80,000 -		1,900	4,300	5,710	7,000	8,200	9,400	10,600	11,180	11,670	12,670	13,580	14,380
\$100,000 -		2,040	4,440	5,850	7,140	8,340	9,540	11,360	12,750	13,750	14,750	15,770	16,870
\$125,000 -		2,040	4,440	5,850	7,360	9,360	11,360	13,360	14,750	16,010	17,310	18,520	19,620
\$150,000 -		2,040	5,060	7,280	9,360	11,360	13,480	15,780	17,460	18,760	20,060	21,270	22,370
\$175,000 -		2,720	5,920	8,130	10,480	12,780	15,080	17,380	19,070	20,370	21,670	22,880	23,980
\$200,000 -		2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,770	24,870
\$250,000 -		2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,770	24,870
\$350,000 -		2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,900	25,200
A	nd over	3,140	6,840	9,560	12,140	14,640	17,140	19,640	21,530	23,030	24,530	25,940	27,240